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Resources listed herein are a selection of materials available on this topic. Many are available from your local library or inter-library loan. Unless otherwise noted, all other materials are available from the National Resource Center on Homelessness and Mental Illness. Photocopying charges are \$.10 per page; make checks payable to **Policy Research Associates, Inc.** If you have difficulty locating any of the materials listed in this bibliography, please contact the Resource Center at the phone number or e-mail address below.

Order #: 11390

**Authors:** AIDS Housing of Washington.

Title: Put Your House in Order: Securing Your Supportive Housing Program's Future through Effective

Asset Management.

**Source:** Seattle, WA: AIDS Housing of Washington, 2002. (Report: 79 pages)

Abstract: This guide is intended for anyone with a role in managing supportive housing. By supportive housing the

authors mean residences targeted to persons with special needs such as HIV/AIDS, mental illness, substance abuse, and other conditions that frequently occur with homelessness. Typically, such settings combine housing with supportive services to stabilize and insure the well-being of residents. This guide is particularly useful for groups who own real estate that is used to house and support special populations in this manner. Groups who lease property for their housing program will find this guide to be an education in long-term issues to anticipate, should they buy real estate in the future. Others who may have an interest in this guide are property managers associated with supportive housing and contract mangers or underwriters working for

institutions with financial investments in supportive housing (authors).

Available AIDS Housing of Washington, 2014 East Madison, Suite 200, Seattle, WA 98122, (206) 322-9444,

**From:** info@aidshousing.org, www.aidshousing.org.

Order #: 7355

**Authors:** AIDS Housing of Washington.

Title: Financing AIDS Housing.

Source: Seattle, WA: AIDS Housing of Washington, 1998. (Book: 165 pages)

Abstract: This comprehensive guide provides sources of funding and technical assistance to develop and operate

supportive housing for people living with HIV/AIDS, including all federal programs such as those of the U.S. Dept. of Housing and Urban Development, as well as other available AIDS housing finance tools. Written as a reference tool for use during the planning and development phase of AIDS housing projects, the book includes information about funding sources arranged by agency; national, state and local contact information; application instructions; selection criteria; detailed program descriptions; and tips from AIDS housing

developers.

Available AIDS Housing of Washington, 2014 East Madison, Suite 200, Seattle, WA 98122, (206) 322-9444,

**From:** info@aidshousing.org, www.aidshousing.org (COST: \$10.00)

Order #: 13003

**Authors:** Bay Area Foundation Advisory Group to End Homelessness.

Title: Ending Bay Area Homelessness: The Philanthropic Role.

**Source:** San Mateo, CA: Bay Area Foundation Advisory Group to End Homelessness, 2003. (Report: 40 pages)

**Abstract:** This important new report discusses the role of deep-pocketed donors in tackling the problem of homelessness

and reveals that: only about 3 percent of the more than \$800 million given annually by the 60 largest Bay Area corporate and philanthropic foundations is earmarked for homeless programs; and nationwide, the percentage is even smaller. Only one percent of the roughly \$20 billion given annually by all U.S. companies and foundations is dedicated to fighting homelessness; and of this relatively small amount, the vast majority of cash goes to temporary fixes like homeless shelters rather than programs intended to both prevent and end homelessness by addressing the root causes of the problem. This report is intended to remedy this situation by showing that solutions are actually within reach as long as those with the economic resources to make a difference get behind such efforts. Homelessness can be ended and there is an important role for philanthropic

organizations in eliminating homelessness from the national landscape (authors).

Available Lauren Do, Charles and Helen Schwab Foundation, 1650 South Amphlett Boulevard, Suite 300, San Mateo,

**From:** CA 94402, (650) 655-2266, ldo@schwabfoundation.org,

www.schwabfoundation.org/files/homeless/EndingBayArea.pdf

Order#: 8614

**Authors:** Bazelon Center for Mental Health Law and Milbank Memorial Fund.

Title: Effective Public Management of Mental Health Care: Views from States on Medicaid Reforms that

Enhance Service Integration and Accountability.

**Source:** New York, NY: Milbank Memorial Fund, 2000. (Report: 54 pages)

Abstract: This report addresses the need for accountability and effective management of public mental health systems

and reviews policy issues that arise in adapting Medicaid managed care to adults and children who have serious mental disorders that need treatment. The report distills the experience of senior officials of state and local government in adapting the techniques of managed care to the needs of persons with mental illnesses. The theme is that public managers can use many of these techniques to improve the quality and cost effectiveness of behavioral health services. However, the techniques of managed care must be modified to take into account the challenges of integrating services for persons with mental illnesses, the characteristics of

patients in each jurisdiction, and the requirements of public accountability (authors).

Available Milbank Memorial Fund, 645 Madison Avenue, New York, NY 10022, (212) 355-8400,

**From:** www.milbank.org/bazelon

Order #: 12592

**Authors:** Bazelon Center for Mental Health Law.

Title: Recovery in the Community (Volume II): Program and Reimbursement Strategies for Mental Health

and Rehabilitative Approaches Under Medicaid.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Bazelon Center for Mental Health Law, 2003. (Report: 36 pages)

Abstract: This report discusses how states have developed and implemented community mental health services under the

Medicaid Rehabilitation Option. It is the second report of two discussing the use of the Medicaid program to fund recovery-oriented services for adults with serious mental illnesses. This report discusses the strategies states use to: identify the practitioners who can provide Medicaid rehabilitation services; reimburse providers for these services; and organize agencies and practitioners into provider networks that will promote recovery

and rehabilitation for adults with serious mental illnesses (authors).

Available Bazelon Center for Mental Health Law, 1101 15th Street, NW, Suite 1212, Washington DC 20005,

**From:** www.bazelon.org, (COST: \$25.00)

Order #: 11083

**Authors:** Bazelon Center for Mental Health Law.

Title: Recovery in the Community: Funding Mental Health Rehabilitative Approaches Under Medicaid.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Bazelon Center for Mental Health Law, 2001. (Report: 83 pages)

**Abstract:** This report describes how the states fund recovery-focused services in the community for people with mental

illnesses. The report explains the federal rules governing community-based psychiatric rehabilitation and case management services for adults under Medicaid and the issues facing mental health systems using the federal-state program. Included are excerpts from states' service definitions and state-by-state tables showing services

covered under managed care and fee-for-services plans.

Available Bazelon Center for Mental Health Law, 1101 15th Street NW, Suite 1212, Washington, DC 20005-5002,

**From:** www.bazelon.org.

Order #: 12814

Authors: Brooks, M.E.

Title: A Survey of Housing Trust Funds.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Center for Community Change, 1989. (Report: 108 pages)

**Abstract:** This report presents information about thirty-four local and state Housing Trust Funds (HTF). The

information provided in this report is based on site visits, telephone interviews, and review of documents, and was obtained primarily from the agency administering the Housing Trust Fund. An outline of each program is provided, including a description of each program, and contact information. The author first describes an overview of Housing Trust Funds, discussing where they exist, how the funds are targeted, what the revenue sources are, and other basic foundations in understanding these HTFs. Second, a profile of each HTF is listed, with the contact information, revenue source, estimated revenue, trust fund, trust fund advisory committee, administration, programs, targeting requirements, citizen participation, and accomplishments discussed for

each (author).

Available Center for Community Change, 1000 Wisconsin Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20007, (202) 342-0519,

**From:** www.communitychange.org.

Order #: 11121

Authors: Buck, J.A., Teich, J.L., Bae, J., Dilonardo, J.

Title: Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services in Ten State Medicaid Programs.

Source: Administration and Policy in Mental Health 28(3): 181-192, 2001. (Journal Article: 11 pages)

Abstract: This article examines program data for 1993 on Medicaid mental health and substance abuse services and

expenditures which were developed from Health Care Financing Administration research files for 10 states. These data show that mental health and substance abuse service users are 7 to 13% of Medicaid enrollees. The percentage of Medicaid enrollees accounted for by mental health and substance abuse users increases with age, reaching a fifth of the 45-64 age group. Across the 10 states, mental health and substance abuse spending represents 11% of total Medicaid expenditures. When their expenditures for non-mental health and non-substance abuse services are also considered, mental health and substance abuse services users account for 28% of total Medicaid expenditures (authors).

20% of total Modeland Onperatures (Manies,).

Order #: 11538

**Authors:** Center for Community Change Housing Trust Fund Project.

Title: A Workbook for Creating a Housing Trust Fund.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Center for Community Change, 1999. (Toolkit: 75 pages)

Abstract: This workbook was written for anyone working to create a housing trust fund. While it is designed for

housing advocates, all housing trust funds have required some advocacy. Thus, it should be useful for any effort to create a housing trust fund. Nearly 150 state and local governments have created trust funds to support affordable housing. This workbook explains how to assemble a proposal for a new fund and put together a campaign to get that proposal enacted. It is not intended to be comprehensive, but to provide

guidelines for developing a successful housing trust fund (authors).

Available Center for Community Change, 1000 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20007, (202) 342-0519,

**From:** www.communitychange.org/publications/workbook.pdf

Order #: 11537

**Authors:** Center for Community Change Housing Trust Fund Project.

Title: Housing Trust Fund Progress Report 2002: Local Responses to America's Housing Needs.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Center for Community Change, 2002. (Report: 85 pages)

Abstract: This report is based on the information provided from a survey of all housing trust funds in the United States

during 2001 by the Housing Trust Fund Project. Basic characteristics of the housing trust funds were reported through a survey instrument. These findings are presented in Part I: What the Survey Shows. The information is presented for state, city, county, and multi-jurisdictional housing trust funds. Part II discusses Issues at the Heart of Housing Trust Funds. Six sub-sections reflect the key characteristics that are common and, in ways, basic to the success of these trust funds. These are: serving the lowest incomes, a dedicated on-going source of revenue, building the capacity of nonprofit developer partners, long-term affordability, coordination of

housing dollars, and flexibility (authors).

Available Center for Community Change, 1000 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20007, (202) 342-0519,

**From:** www.communitychange.org.

Order #: 10740

**Authors:** Center for Community Change.

Title: Home Sweet Home: Why America Needs a National Housing Trust Fund.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Center for Community Change, 2001. (Report: 50 pages)

**Abstract:** This report outlines today's housing shortage in our nation, including its devastating impact on our country's

children. It also projects the economic stimulus that would be created by a National Housing Trust Fund. The current housing situation in twenty states is analyzed, as well as the economic impact on state economies of investing these funds in housing development. These trust funds have already had a substantial positive impact on local economies and have successfully increased affordable housing options for low and moderate income families. The proposed National Housing Trust Fund will follow the example of those successful programs and help millions of Americans who need and deserve quality affordable housing to benefit (authors).

**Available** Center for Community Change, 1000 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20007, (202) 342-0519,

**From:** www.communitychange.org.

Order #: 12721

**Authors:** Center for the Study of Social Policy.

Title: Homelessness: An Assessment of the District of Columbia's Community Care Grant Program.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Center for the Study of Social Policy, 2003. (Report: 62 pages)

Abstract: This report provides an assessment of the District of Columbia's Community Care Grant (CCG) Program. The

CCG Program is designed to be a creative resource of flexible financial assistance made available through neighborhood-based organizations for families who are either homeless or in danger of becoming homeless. This assessment documents the fundamental design and elements of the program, and identifies those aspects of the program that relate to successful outcomes for families. This assessment intends to provide useful information for future policy development and funding decisions for the District of Columbia, and other states. The authors provide detailed information on what homeless families face in Washington, D.C., and the devastating affects of gentrification and the shrinking low-rent housing market for low-income families. The authors also illustrate how tapping into and supporting neighborhood-based structures of community care is one viable means of meeting the District's challenge of helping its poorest and most vulnerable families to

survive and thrive (authors).

Available Center for the Study of Social Policy, 1575 Eye Street, NW, Suite 500, Washington, DC 20005, (202) 371-

*From:* 1565, www.cssp.org.

Order #: 10973

Authors: Center On Budget and Policy Priorities.

Title: An Introduction to TANF.

Source: Washington, DC: Center On Budget and Policy Priorities, 2002. (Report: 24 pages)

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) is a block grant created by the Personal Responsibility and

Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. The TANF block grant replaced the Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) program, which provided cash welfare to poor families with children since 1935. This report provides an introduction to TANF, its purposes and methods of implementation. The law that created the TANF block grant expires at the end of the fiscal year 2002 (September 30, 2002). Congress

will consider legislation in 2002 to reauthorize the program (authors).

Available Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, 820 First Street, NE, Suite 510, Washington, DC 20002, (202) 408-

From: 1080, www.cbpp.org/tanfseries.htm.

Order #: 8115

Authors: Center on Budget and Policy Priorities.

Title: The Family Self-Sufficiency Program.

Source: Washington, DC: Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, 1999. (Fact Sheet: 6 pages)

**Abstract:** This fact sheet describes the Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) Program, which is designed to promote

employment and increase savings among families receiving Section 8 vouchers or certificates, or living in public housing. There are two main features to FSS: an escrow account and case management. The escrow account allows families to place 30% of an increase in earnings through work into an escrow account from which they can receive all of the funds upon completion of the FSS program. Each family is also provided a case manager that works with the family to further access services in the community. The fact sheet also describes eligibility requirements, the responsibilities of families and housing agencies, and describes the

escrow account in detail.

Available Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, 820 First Street, NE, Suite 510, Washington, DC 20002, (202) 408-

From: 1080, www.cbpp.org/5-5-99hous.htm

Order #: 11808

Authors: Charles and Helen Schwab Foundation.

Title: Homelessness: Key Findings and Grantmaking Strategies.

Source: San Mateo, CA: The Charles and Helen Schwab Foundation, 2002. (Report: 21 pages)

**Abstract:** This report, prepared for the Schwab Foundation's recently announced initiatives in homelessness, captures

interviews with key homeless service providers, advocates, philanthropic organizations, government agencies, policy makers and researchers. It also reflects an in-depth survey of current literature and research on homelessness. This report's findings support the approaches by the National Alliance to End Homelessness in its "10 Year Plan to End Homelessness," and state the case for focusing resources in strategies to prevent and end homelessness, rather than simply funding emergency shelters and other attempts to ameliorate

homelessness (authors).

Available The Charles and Helen Schwab Foundation, 1650 South Amphlett Blvd., Suite 300, San Mateo, CA 94402,

From: (650) 655-2410, www.schwabfoundation.org.

Order #: 12743

**Authors:** Coalition for the Homeless.

Title: Supportive Housing as a Cost-Effective Way to Reduce Homeless Shelter Capacity.

**Source:** New York, NY: Coalition for the Homeless, 2001. (Brief: 8 pages)

Abstract: This briefing paper outlines a strategy for reducing shelter capacity through targeted investments in supportive

housing. The authors discuss trends in adult shelter use, comparative costs of supportive housing and shelter, the experience of the New York/New York agreement, the plan to close the 30th street shelter, and the strategy

for reducing shelter capacity through supportive housing investments (authors).

Available Coalition for the Homeless, 89 Chambers Street, New York, NY 10007, (212) 964-5900,

**From:** www.coalitionforthehomeless.org.

Order #: 11546

**Authors:** Dolbeare, C.N., Crowley, S.

Title: Changing Priorities: The Federal Budget and Housing Assistance 1976-2007.

Source: Washington, DC: National Low Income Housing Coalition, 2002. (Report: 22 pages)

**Abstract:** This report provides an overview of actual budget trends from fiscal year 1976 through fiscal year 2000 and

estimated changes from 2001 through 2006, as measured in inflation-adjusted dollars. Despite increases in funding for HUD programs for the last three years, an overview of budget trends shows that this nation's investment in HUD and low income housing programs has declined dramatically during the last quarter century. The analysis sets HUD's budget as well as the low income housing assistance budget category in the context of the total federal budget, covering both budget authority, or the authorized amount of obligations in each year regardless of when the spending occurs, and outlays, or actual spending in each year. It then looks at subsidized housing as a proportion of HUD budget authority, showing separately the impact of renewing expiring contracts. For the years 1977-2000, the additional commitments for HUD-subsidized units is shown.

Finally, spending trends for a number of major HUD programs are addressed (authors).

Available National Low Income Housing Coalition, 1012 Fourteenth Street NW, Suite 610, Washington, DC 20005,

*From:* (202) 662-1530, info@nlihc.org, www.nlihc.org/pubs/changingpriorities.pdf

Order #: 11481

**Authors:** Emergency Food and Shelter National Board Program.

Title: Emergency Food and Shelter National Board Program: Phase 20 Responsibilities and Requirements.

**Source:** Alexandria, VA: Emergency Food and Shelter National Board Program, 2001. (Report: 95 pages)

Abstract: This manual is intended for use by Local Boards and Local Recipient Organizations administering and

providing services under the Emergency Food and Shelter National Board Program, and is not for individuals seeking services. Objectives of the program are: to supplement and expand ongoing efforts to provide shelter, food, and supportive services for needy families and individuals; to strengthen efforts to create more effective and innovative local programs by providing supplemental funding for them; and to conduct minimum rehabilitation of existing mass shelter or mass feeding facilities, but only to the extent necessary to make facilities safe, sanitary and bring them into compliance with local building codes. This manual must be carefully studied prior to administering the program, giving any information to the public, or making any grant

award (authors).

Available Emergency Food and Shelter National Board Program, 701 North Fairfax Street., Suite 310, Alexandria, VA

**From:** 22314, (703) 706-9660, www.efsp.unitedway.org.

Order #: 12726

**Authors:** Finkel, M., Khadduri, J., Main, V., Pistilli, L., Solari, C., Winkel, K., Wood, M.

Title: Costs and Utilization in the Housing Choice Voucher Program: Draft Final Report.

**Source:** Cambridge, MA: Abt Associates, Inc., 2002. (Report: 88 pages)

**Abstract:** This report provides insights into the factors that affect Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program utilization rates and costs in a sample of sites nationwide. The data for this study was derived from existing

computerized HUD files, other secondary data sources, and primary data collected on site at a sample of 48 Public Housing Authorities (PHAs). According to the authors, the bulk of the information was gathered during on-site interviews with voucher program staff as part of a one-to-two-day visit made to each of the study sites between December 2001 and April 2002. Aspects of each PHA's local housing market, participant characteristics and PHA policies are discussed, in an effort to assess their impacts on subsidy costs and

voucher utilization. This report provides HUD with information to support program decision-making and helps identify areas for technical assistance that can improve utilization rates and assist PHAs in using their

increased flexibility to optimize lead programs (authors).

**Available** Abt Associates, Inc., 55 Wheeler Street, Cambridge, MA 02138, (617) 492-7100, www.abtassoc.com. **From:** 

Order #: 8377

**Authors:** Garske, G.G., Williams, B.T., Schiro-Geist, C.

**Title:** The Financial Costs of Severe Mental Illness.

**Source:** Journal of Rehabilitation 65(4): 39-43, 1999. (Journal Article: 5 pages)

**Abstract:** A review of recent literature demonstrates the extraordinary high cost of severe mental illness to American

society. Based on 1990 estimates, direct and indirect costs totaled nearly \$150 billion. The purpose of this article is to bring greater attention to these costs and related fiscal expenditure policies and dilemmas. A

special focus is on the merits of case management as a cost effective measure. (authors)

Order #: 10165

Authors: Glover, R.W., Gustafson, J.S.

Title: Financing and Marketing the New Conceptual Framework for Co-Occurring Mental Health and

Substance Abuse Disorders: A Blueprint for Systems Change.

**Source:** Washington, DC: National Association of State Mental Health Program Directors, 1999. (Report: 46 pages)

Abstract: This report summarizes the June 1999 meeting of the National Association of State Mental Health Program

Directors (NASMPHD) and the National Association of State Alcohol and Drug Abuse Directors

(NASADAD) Task Force on Co-occurring Disorders, and the group's progress in finding ways to finance a system of care for people with co-occurring disorders and market the work of the task force (i.e., the conceptual framework) to help bring about widespread improvements in care for persons with co-occurring disorders. After the success of the first National Dialogue on Co-occurring Mental Health and Substance Abuse Disorders in breaking down traditional barriers between the mental health and substance abuse systems,

participants urged their respective national associations to formally name this joint task force.

Available National Association of State Mental Health Program Directors, 66 Canal Center Plaza, Suite 302, Alexandria,

**From:** VA 22314, (703) 739-9333, www.nasmhpd.org.

Order #: 12818

Authors: Gramlich, E.

Title: CDBG: An Action Guide to the Community Development Block Grant Program.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Center for Community Change, 1998. (Guide: 58 pages)

Abstract: This guide helps low income groups better understand the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), a

\$4 billion federal program, and how to influence decisions about the use of this important resource. program. The author explains the rules concerning how CDBG money can be used, with a focus on benefiting lower income people, and the process governments must follow when deciding how to use this money, such as

encouraging participation by lower income people (author).

Available Center for Community Change, 1000 Wisconsin Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20007, (202) 342-0519,

**From:** www.communitychange.org.

Order #: 11099

**Authors:** Greenberg, M.

Title: How are TANF Funds Being Used? The Story in Fiscal Year 2000.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Center for Law and Social Policy, 2001. (Report: 11 pages)

**Abstract:** As welfare caseloads have declined, states have been able to redirect Temporary Assistance for Needy

Families (TANF) funds to an array of other uses. This document draws from federal reporting by states to describe how states used federal TANF funds and met their maintenance of effort (MOE) obligations in FY 2000. While data from FY 2000 is the most recent available federal data, it should be noted that it only describes state spending through September 30, 2000, and individual state circumstances may have changed

substantially since then (authors).

Available Center for Law and Social Policy, 1015 15th Street, NW, Suite 400, Washington, DC 20005, (202) 906-8000,

**From:** www.clasp.org.

Order #: 5784

**Authors:** Hadley, T.R.

Title: Financing Changes and Their Impact on the Organization of the Public Mental Health System.

**Source:** Administration and Policy in Mental Health 23(5): 393-404, 1996. (Journal Article: 13 pages)

**Abstract:** This article describes the changes in the financing of the public mental health system over the past 40 years.

These changes have had a profound effect on the organization and delivery of care. The paper documents the tremendous fragmentation of funding and services and details the effects that these changes have had on continuity of care, access to care, organizational and financial management complexity, services to persons

with serious mental illnesses, and the future of the system (author).

Order #: 5549

**Authors:** HomeBase / The Center for Common Concerns.

Title: Building Inclusive Community: Tools to Create Support for Affordable Housing.

**Source:** San Francisco, CA: HomeBase, 1996. (Guide: 165 pages)

Abstract: The goal of this publication is to assist developers/sponsors of affordable housing to obtain funding and land

use approvals with fewer delays and additional costs caused by local opposition in such a way that meets three other objectives including: (1) respect for the legitimate concerns of the local community; (2) respect for the rights of current and prospective residents; and (3) advancing the prospects of future affordable housing proposals in that community. This guide offers materials that embody a proactive approach along with a discussion of the context in which this approach is intended to be used. The authors recommend that sponsors should educate themselves about and analyze the political, legal, community, and media issues related to their development proposals and then plan their approach accordingly. Nine examples are briefly summarized,

composed to illustrate the interaction various agencies have in developing housing and services.

Available HomeBase, 870 Market Street, Suite 1228, San Francisco, CA 94102, (415) 788-7961. (Suggested donation

**From:** of \$20.00 per publication)

Order #: 8717

**Authors:** HomeBase/The Center for Common Concerns.

**Title:** Creating Economic Opportunities for Low Income People: How Section 3 Can Help.

**Source:** San Francisco, CA: HomeBase, 1997. (Manual: 150 pages)

**Abstract:** This manual is meant to be a practical educational tool for recipients of funds from the Department of Housing

and Urban Development (HUD), employment and training providers, and others interested in implementation of Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act. It explains the basic requirements and specific strategies for implementing Section 3. The appendices contain an annotated list of publications on Section 3 and a complete copy of the Section 3 regulations. Included with the guide are implementation tools consisting of Section 3 educational brochures, a Section 3 compliance checklist, record keeping documents, and resource

lists.

Available Home Base, 870 Market Street, Suite 1228, San Francisco, CA, 94102, (415) 788-7961.

From:

Order #: 8913

**Authors:** Houghton, T.

Title: A Description and History of The New York/New York Agreement to House Homeless Mentally Ill

Individuals.

**Source:** New York, NY: Corporation for Supportive Housing, 2001. (Report: 61 pages)

**Abstract:** This document provides a description and history of the New York/New York Agreement to House Homeless

Mentally Ill Individuals, signed in 1990 by the City and State of New York. The Agreement is the single largest government initiative to house homeless people with mental illnesses. The report chronicles both the beginnings of widespread homelessness and the pioneering efforts initiated to combat it. It first provides detailed descriptions of the various types of housing created by the Agreement and then offers an in-depth history of mental health housing in New York. Finally, it summarizes the events leading up to the historic 1990 Agreement and gives a brief update on the current status of public funding for mental health housing in

New York City (author).

**Available** Publications, Corporation for Supportive Housing, 50 Broadway, 17th Floor, New York, NY 10004, (212)

**From:** 986-2966, www.csh.org

Order #: 11721

**Authors:** Housing Assistance Council.

Title: Rural Housing Service's Section 504 Loan and Grant Program for Very Low-Income Homeowners: A

Guide for Applicants.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Housing Assistance Council, 1999. (Guide: 90 pages)

**Abstract:** This guide is intended to familiarize the reader with the Section 504 Loan and Grant Program. The authors

include important sections of RHS Instructions as appendices. This guide discusses RHS rural housing programs, as well as explains the requirements, application process, and calculation of income and assets, for the Section 504 loan and grant program, which provides home repair funds for very low-income homeowners

in rural areas (authors).

Available Housing Assistance Council, 1025 Vermont Avenue NW, Suite 606, Washington, DC 20005, (202) 842-

*From:* 8600, www.ruralhome.org.

Order #: 11720

**Authors:** Housing Assistance Council.

Title: The Use of HOME in Rural Areas.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Housing Assistance Council, 1998. (Program Description: 42 pages)

Abstract: This study describes the use of HOME funds in rural areas between 1992 and 1996, with both case studies and

analysis of data from the national program database. The study highlights the amount of HOME activity in rural counties, what kinds of rural areas are receiving HOME awards, what kinds of projects are being funded, and how many housing units are supported through HOME in rural areas. The case studies focus on the efforts of state agencies and rural affordable housing organizations to improve the use of HOME in meeting

rural low-income housing needs (authors).

Available Housing Assistance Council, 1025 Vermont Avenue NW, Suite 606, Washington, DC 20005, (202) 842-

**From:** 8600, hac@ruralhome.org, www.ruralhome.org.

Order #: 12084

**Authors:** Housing Assistance Council.

Title: A Guide to Federal Housing and Community Development Programs for Small Towns and Rural Areas.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Housing Assistance Council, 2003. (Report: 113 pages)

Abstract: This report is meant to serve as a tool for rural communities to help identify public resources that may be used

to meet the housing needs of low-income rural populations. It was first published by the Housing Assistance Council (HAC) in 1989, and has been updated occasionally to reflect federal program changes. This report is divided into five sections: U.S Department of Agriculture Programs, U.S Department of Housing and Urban Development Programs, Homeless Assistance Programs, Other Federal Agencies' Programs, and Private Investment Programs. Each program description includes a program purpose, eligibility criteria, terms and

contacts (authors).

Available Housing Assistance Council, 1025 Vermont Avenue, NW, Suite 606, Washington, DC 20005, (202) 842-

*From:* 8600, www.ruralhome.org.

Order #: 11719

**Authors:** Housing Assistance Council.

Title: Rural CHDOs and HOME.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Housing Assistance Council, 1997. (Guide: 162 pages)

**Abstract:** This guide begins with a brief introduction to the HOME program, including a review of eligible activities,

project costs, and other federal regulations. HOME regulations specifically governing Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs) are reviewed in some depth. This guide also discusses the official definition of a CHDO and CHDO set-aside eligible roles in the HOME program, as are strategies for housing organizations to qualify as Community Housing Development Organizations. Financial and technical assistance sources available to CHDOs are outlined, and strategy suggestions for CHDOs to apply for HOME

funds are offered (authors).

Available Housing Assistance Council, 1025 Vermont Avenue NW, Suite 606, Washington, DC 20005, (202) 842-

**From:** 8600, hac@ruralhome.org, www.ruralhome.org.

Order #: 8293

Authors: Isaacs, S.L., Knickman, J.R.

Title: To Improve Health and Health Care 1998-1999: The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation Anthology.

**Source:** San Francisco, CA; Jossey-Bass Publishers, 1998. (Book: 254 pages)

Abstract: This book, the second in the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation Anthology series, has three purposes: (1) to

demystify the world of philanthropy--at least as seen from the Foundation's vantage point; (2) to provide a public accounting of the Foundation's program investments; and (3) to offer useful lessons gained from more than a quarter century of grant making. The book discusses how the Foundation devotes its annual grant making budget to three core values, substance abuse, increasing access to care and improving chronic care. It also discusses communications (the Foundation's radio and television grants) and the Foundation's history of

grant making.

Available Jossey-Bass Inc., 10475 Crosspoint Blvd., Indianapolis, IN 46256, (877) 762-2974, www.josseybass.com.

From:

Order #: 5840

**Authors:** Kerber, B.A.(ed)

Title: The Health Funds Grants Resources Yearbook, Ninth Edition.

**Source:** Manasquan, NJ: Managed Care Information Center, 2002. (Guide: 550 pages)

Abstract: This is an easy-to-use resource that gives dollar amounts, descriptions of previous grant recipients and the

programs that attracted funding, and details of future funding trends. The book is divided into practical subject categories to make searching easy: trends in foundation grants for health; AIDS research and health services; funding for cancer; elderly health services; child and adolescent healthcare; and the all-new section on end-of-life care, just to name a few. Readers will be able to study the information on health grant priorities of major

foundations to find the funding sources for their program.

Available Health Resources Online, Health Resources Publishing P.O. Box 456, Allenwood, NJ 08720, (800) 516-4343,

**From:** www.healthresourcesonline.com/health\_grants/1ybk.htm (COST: \$175.00).

Order #: 8353

Authors: McMurray-Avila, M.

Title: Medical Respite Services for Homeless People: Practical Models.

Source: Nashville, TN: National Health Care for the Homeless Council, 1999. (Resource Guide: 34 pages)

Abstract: The term "respite care" has emerged to describe recuperative or convalescent services needed by homeless

people with medical problems - in essence, providing sick or injured homeless people a respite from the dangers of life on the streets. This resource manual is designed for organizations and communities interested in developing such services. A framework of models and suggestions for program implementation are offered through the following sections: medical respite care models; intermediate approaches to respite care; planning your program; daily operations; costs and budgeting; sources of funding; and making your case for

funding. (authors)

Available National Health Care for the Homeless Council, P.O Box 60427, Nashville, TN 37206-0427, (615) 226-2292,

**From:** www.nhchc.org/publications.(COST: \$5.00)

Order #: 12058

Authors: National Association of State Budget Officers, National Governors Association.

Title: Medicaid and Other State Healthcare Issues: The Current Situation. A Supplement to the Fiscal

Survey of States.

**Source:** Washington, DC: National Association of State Budget Officers, 2002. (Report: 22 pages)

Abstract: This feature highlights state Medicaid expenditures; Medicaid cost containment measures that states are

undertaking in fiscal 2002 as well as proposed actions for fiscal 2003; and changes in the State Children's Health Insurance Program and state-funded prescription drug programs. Fiscal 2001 data represent actual figures, fiscal 2002 figures are estimates, and fiscal 2003 data reflect figures in governors' recommended

budgets (authors).

**Available** National Association of State Budget Officers, Hall of the States Building, Suite 642, 444 North Capitol

**From:** Street, NW, Washington, DC 20001, (202) 624-5382,

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Order #: 8343

**Authors:** National Association of State Mental Health Program Directors.

www.nasbo.org/Publications/PDFs/fsmedicaidmay2002.pdf

Title: Summary Report: NASMHPD Survey on State Mental Health Practices in Funding and Providing

**Employment Services.** 

Source: Alexandria, VA: National Technical Assistance Center for State Mental Health Planning, 1999. (Report: 18

pages)

Abstract: This report describes the findings of the survey of State Mental Health Practices in Funding and Providing

Employment Services developed by the National Association of State Mental Health Program Directors (NASMHPD) President's Task Force on Employment. The key findings include: (1) virtually all State Mental Health Directors feel that employment "should be a high priority for State Mental Health Agencies (SMHA) resources and action;" (2) lack of funding was the most frequently cited obstacle to making employment a higher priority; (3) the vast majority of states are taking proactive steps to hire consumers into mental health positions at local or state levels; (4) SMHAs have only a limited ability to quantify their revenues or

expenditures for employment services; (5) most respondents felt that the vocational rehabilitation (VR) system in their states were "making an adequate effort to meet the needs of people with psychiatric disabilities (as

compared to other people with disabilities)." (authors)

Available National Technical Assistance Center for State Mental Health Planning, 66 Canal Center, Plaza, Suite 302

**From:** Alexandria, VA 22314 (703) 739-9333

Order #: 11935

**Authors:** National Governors Association.

Title: The Fiscal Survey of States.

**Source:** Washington, DC: National Governors Association, 2001. (Report: 68 pages)

Abstract: This biannual report found that despite significantly curtailing state spending, 37 states were forced to reduce

their enacted budgets by about \$12.8 billion in fiscal year 2002. About midway through the current fiscal year, 23 states plan to reduce their net enacted budgets by more than \$8.3 billion. To plug their budget gaps in fiscal 2002, 26 states used across-the-board cuts and used rainy day funds, 15 states laid off employees, 13 states reorganized programs, and 31 used a variety of other methods. Two-thirds of states report spending growth of less than 5 percent in both fiscal 2002 and 2003; 16 states experienced negative growth in fiscal 2002. States' fiscal 2003 year-end balances clearly illustrate the extent of the budget problems. Total state balances are estimated to be only \$14.5 billion or 2.9 percent of expenditures in fiscal 2003. That represents a 70 percent plunge since fiscal 2000, the peak of balances. Balances of 5 percent of expenditures are generally considered by analysts to be healthy. This report concludes that many states have exhausted budget cuts and are drawing down rainy-day funds, and that the most difficult decisions still lay ahead.

Available National Governors Association, Hall of States, 444 North Capitol Street, Washington, DC 20001, (202) 624-

*From:* 5300, www.nga.org/cda/files/NOV2002FISCALSURVEY.pdf

Order #: 11965

**Authors:** National Resource Center on Homelessness and Mental Illness.

Title: NIMH/CMHS Homeless Research Funding.

**Source:** Delmar, NY: The National Resource Center on Homelessness and Mental Illness, 2003. (Fact Sheet: 4 pages)

**Abstract:** This fact sheet displays figures indicating the funding provided on homelessness and mental illness through

the National Institute of Mental Health (NIMH) and the Center for Mental Health Services (CMHS) from 1983 to the present. The programs funded through NIMH and CMHS have provided a better understanding of the characteristics of the population and expanded the knowledge on effective ways to serve them. This funding represents only a part of the federal government's overall spending on homelessness (authors).

**Available** National Resource Center on Homelessness and Mental Illness, Policy Research Associates, Inc., 345

From: Delaware Avenue, Delmar, NY 12054, (800) 444-7415, www.nrchmi.samhsa.gov.

Order #: 6974

**Authors:** National Technical Assistance Center for State Mental Health Planning.

Title: In the Public Interest: The Developing Alliance Between State and County Mental Health Authorities.

**Source:** Alexandria, VA: National Technical Assistance Center for State Mental Health Planning, 1997. (Report: 67

pages)

**Abstract:** This report summarizes the third in a series of meetings of state and county mental health agency leaders to

explore their developing alliances to effectively manage, deliver and evaluate mental health services

throughout the country. The report also provides technical assistance resource materials and other information designed to examine and strengthen these alliances. This report is divided into four sections: (1) state-county partnership and collaboration; (2) decision-making; (3) fiscal incentives, management issues and governance;

and (4) performance indicators and outcome measures.

**Available** National Technical Assistance Center for State Mental Health Planning, 66 Canal Center Plaza Suite 302,

**From:** Alexandria, VA 22314, (703) 739-9333, www.nasmhpd.org/ntac (COST: \$10.00).

Order #: 12809

Authors: Neighborhood Networks.

Title: Neighborhood Networks Funding Guide.

Source: Rockville, MD: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 1999. (Guide: 93 pages)

**Abstract:** This guide lists funding resources who offer monetary and in-kind donations that can support center

sustainability. Included for each resource listing is a detailed program description which includes the type of support offered, the geographic area and the organizations served; detailed application process description which includes application deadline, duration of support and the title of the contact person; total funding available from the source; and the size of awards offered. Most listings also cite specific examples of information that could be helpful to centers, including technical assistance workshops to help applicants complete grant requests. This guide should be used to identify those resources that may be able to provide

long-term support for the center's programs and activities (authors).

Available U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Neighborhood Networks, 9300 Lee Highway, Fairfax,

**From:** VA 22031, (888) 312-2743, www.neighborhoodnetworks.org.

Order #: 12049

**Authors:** Neuberger, Z., Parrott, S., Primus, W.

**Title:** Funding Issues in TANF Reauthorization.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, 2002. (Report: 23 pages)

Abstract: This report discusses the issues that arise from the funding structure of TANF, namely the fixed funding level

of the block grant; the large disparities in block grant allocations among states; and the lack of a mechanism to provide additional resources to states during recessions. The next section of this report discusses how states have used their TANF funds over the past five years. A discussion of reauthorization proposals then follows

(authors).

Available Center of Budget and Policy Priorities, 820 First Street, NE, Suite 510, Washington, DC 20002, (202) 408-

*From:* 1080, www.cbpp.org.

Order #: 8354

Authors: O'Connell, J.J.

Title: Utilization and Costs of Medical Services by Homeless Persons: A Review of the Literature and

Implications for the Future.

**Source:** Nashville, TN: National Health Care for the Homeless Council, 1999. (Report: 18 pages)

**Abstract:** Homeless persons live in abject poverty without the security of stable homes, and may constitute a population

with higher health care costs. The lack of accessible primary care and the severity and co-morbidity of medical and psychiatric illness in this population are likely to result in increased utilization of emergency departments and more frequent acute care hospital admissions. However, a dearth of data has rendered their patterns of disease, health care utilization, and subsequent costs to the health care system largely unknown. This paper reviews the current literature concerning the patterns of disease, utilization, and costs of medical care services by homeless individuals, with particular emphasis on the accepted markers of acute hospital

admissions and the use of emergency departments. (author)

Available National Health Care for the Homeless Council, P.O. Box 60427, Nashville, TN 37206-0427, (615) 226-

**From:** 2292, www.nhchc.org (COST: \$5.00).

Order#: 6875

**Authors:** O'Connell, J.J., Lozier, J.N., Gingles, K.

Title: Increased Demand and Decreased Capacity: Challenges To the McKinney Act's Health Care for the

Homeless Program.

Source: Nashville, TN: The National Health Care for the Homeless Council, 1997. (Report: 28 pages)

Abstract: This report analyzes Health Care for the Homeless (HCH) program proposals that allowed existing HCH

grantees to apply for a 3% increase in grant funding to be used for expansion of their activities. The report provides a snapshot of homelessness in America in the early summer of 1997 as seen by experienced, frontline providers of care. This report catalogues grantees proposals and attempts to identify major obstacles and

challenges facing Health Care for the Homeless grantees.

Available National Health Care for the Homeless Council, PO Box 60427, Nashville, TN 37206, (615) 226-2292,

**From:** www.nhchc.org (COST: \$5.00).

Order #: 12826

Authors: O'Hara, A.

Title: The Section 8 Certificate and Voucher Programs.

**Source:** The Housing Center Bulletin 2(4): 1-7, 1994. (Journal Article: 6 pages)

Abstract: This article discusses the Section 8 Existing Housing Certificate program and the Section 8 Housing Voucher

programs, which make decent, affordable and permanent housing available to people with mental illness. In this article, the author seeks to clarify some of the basic provisions and administrative requirements of the Section 8 certificate and voucher programs, as well as increase access to these valuable resources for people

with mental illness (author).

Order #: 12878

Authors: O'Hara, A.

Title: The Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Project Based Assistance Program: A Primer.

**Source:** New York, NY: Corporation for Supportive Housing, 2002. (Primer: 18 pages)

**Abstract:** This paper offers a thorough look at HUD's Section 8 Project Based Assistance Program, and what it means to

supportive housing. It covers some clarification of technical issues and bureaucratic requirements, the challenges and opportunities that the program offers to public housing authorities, and practical suggestions for developing PHA partnerships to expand permanent supportive housing using Section 8 pba resources

(author).

Available Corporation for Supportive Housing, 50 Broadway, 17th Floor, New York, NY 10004, (212) 986-2966,

**From:** www.csh.org.

Order #: 8914

Authors: O'Regan, K.M., Quigley, J.M.

Title: Federal Policy and the Rise of Nonprofit Housing Providers.

**Source:** Journal of Housing Research 11(2): 297-317, 2000. (Journal Article: 21 pages)

**Abstract:** Two federal programs, Low-Income Housing Tax Credit and HOME are now the primary federal housing

production programs, and the legislation governing both programs provides explicit support for nonprofit providers of new housing. This article focuses on these two programs to document the change in emphasis, looking at the extent to which resources flow to nonprofit providers. The authors explicate the rationale for

this shift and speculate on future federal policy towards nonprofits (authors).

Authors: Post, P.

Title: Casualties of Complexity: Why Eligible Homeless People Are Not Enrolled in Medicaid.

**Source:** Nashville, TN: National Health Care for the Homeless Council, 2001. (Report: 83 pages)

Abstract: The complexity and diversity of state Medicaid programs present significant access barriers for the highly

mobile homeless population, especially for individuals who lack the capacity to document their eligibility in prescribed ways. Many eligible homeless people remain uninsured, and this lack of health coverage limits their access to health care and threatens both individual and community health. The purpose of this document is to identify obstacles that prevent eligible homeless people from enrolling in Medicaid, to describe how experienced homeless service providers are attempting to address these problems, and to recommend ways in

which the obstacles can be surmounted or removed.

Order #: 6931

Authors: Quinlivan, R.

Title: Cost Savings and Rehabilitation: Compatible Goals in For-Profit Care for Persons With Serious

Mental Illness.

**Source:** Psychiatric Services 48(10): 1269-1271, 1997. (Journal Article: 3 pages)

**Abstract:** This article examines the partnership between San Diego County and Telecare Corporation, a managed care

organization contracted to oversee administrative services for acute inpatient mental health services managed by the county. The partnership led to the combining of cost-containment methods with rehabilitation-focused services for all individuals who used inpatient services. The managed care components of the services developed are presented along with a discussion of the financial and clinical success of the partnership. The

author concludes by stating four key points that allowed the partnership to become a success.

Order #: 10944

Authors: Reynnells, M.L.

Title: Federal Funding Sources for Rural Areas: Fiscal Year 2003.

**Source:** Beltsville, MD: Rural Information Center, 2003. (Resource Guide: 176 pages)

Abstract: The federal funding programs available to rural areas included in this document were selected from the

Catalog Of Federal Domestic Assistance 2002. The Catalog is an annual publication that provides extensive listings of federal assistance programs including housing, mental health and homeless programs; national, regional, and local office contacts; and grant application procedures. Local governments should check with their state or regional offices about programs in this document. Many federal programs that are developed to

provide assistance to local governments, are distributed through state or regional offices (authors).

Available Rural Information Center, National Agricultural Library, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Room 304, Beltsville, MD

From: 20705, (800) 633-7701, ric@nal.usda.gov, www.nal.usda.gov/ric/ricpubs/funding/federalfund/ff.html

Order #: 7311

**Authors:** Rosenbaum, S., Hawkins, D., Rosenbaum, E., Blake, S.

Title: State Funding of Comprehensive Primary Medical Care Service Programs for Medically Underserved

Populations.

**Source:** American Journal of Public Health 88(3): 357-363, 1998. (Journal Article: 7 pages)

Abstract: This study examines the availability of state funding for comprehensive primary care programs and the need

for primary care subsidies for medically underserved communities. A brief questionnaire was used to ask health agencies in all 50 states whether their state funded a program that met our definition of comprehensive primary medical care practice programs. Almost half of all states provide some funds for the development and/or operation of comprehensive primary medical care practices. Expenditures in most states were found to be relatively modest in comparison with both federal funding and the total level of unmet need for primary care. States that subsidize primary care practices tend to follow the model established under the federal health centers program. The findings suggest the continued viability of the health center model of care, as well as the presence of some state support for such a program. However, in light of limited state resources for the development and operation of comprehensive practices, a continued and significant federal effort is imperative

(authors).

Order #: 8731

**Authors:** Rosenheck, R.

Title: Cost-Effectiveness of Services for Mentally Ill Homeless People: The Application of Research to Policy

and Practice.

Source: American Journal of Psychiatry 157(10): 1563-1570, 2000. (Journal Article: 8 pages)

**Abstract:** This review article synthesizes research finding on the cost-effectiveness of services for people who are

homeless with serious mental illnesses. Service interventions for this population were grouped into three categories: outreach; case management; and housing placement and transition to mainstream services. Data were reviewed both from experimental studies with high internal validity and from observation studies, which better reflect typical community practice. In most studies, specialized interventions are associated with significantly improved outcomes, most consistently in the housing domain, but also in mental health status and quality of life. These programs are also associated with increased use of many types of health service and

housing assistance, resulting in increased costs in most cases (author).

Order #: 8694

Authors: Sabin, J.E.

Title: Managed Care: Public-Sector Managed Behavioral Health Care: VI. The Iowa Approach to Profit and

Community Reinvestment.

**Source:** Psychiatric Services 51(10): 1239-1240, 1247, 2000. (Journal Article: 3 pages)

Abstract: This article, which is the sixth in a series on public-sector managed behavioral health care and the second

focusing on Iowa, addresses the lessons other states can learn from Iowa's strategy of capping profits and

mandating community reinvestment.

Order#: 8848

Authors: Sard, B.

Title: Using TANF Funds for Housing-Related Benefits to Prevent Homelessness.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, 2001. (Report: 5 pages)

**Abstract:** Under the final regulations for the Temporary Assistance to Needy Families block grant program (TANF),

states and counties may use federal TANF funds for short-term homelessness prevention measures without triggering the federal 60-month lifetime time limit. This brief report provides a guide on how states and counties may best utilize TANF funds for homelessness prevention. States and counties that are funding prevention programs in part with state maintenance-of-effort (MOE) funds may wish to replace these MOE funds with TANF funds, thereby freeing up MOE monies they can use to provide other benefits. TANF restrictions, like time limits, are triggered when states or counties provide housing-related benefits that are not short-term, unless the benefits are provided entirely with MOE funds that are accounted for separately from

TANF funds.

Available Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, 820 1st Street, NE, #510, Washington, DC 20002, (202) 408-1080,

**From:** www.cbpp.org/4-3-01TANF.htm

Order #: 11094

Authors: Sard, B., Harrison, T.

Title: The Increasing Use of TANF and State Matching Funds to Provide Housing Assistance to Families

Moving from Welfare to Work - 2001 Supplement.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, 2001. (Report: 18 pages)

Abstract: The paper "The Increasing Use of TANF and State Matching Funds to Provide Housing Assistance to Families

Moving from Welfare to Work" provides a detailed look at eight state and local programs that use federal TANF or state MOE funds to provide housing assistance to families attempting to make the transition from welfare to work. It also explains the issues that states and counties should consider in deciding which funding sources to use for particular housing programs. Since that paper was published, four additional states and localities, Michigan, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and Denver, Colorado have initiated housing programs using TANF funds. This supplemental paper first reviews HHS' relevant guidance and states' ability to transfer TANF funds to the Social Services Block Grant. It then explores the six new state and local initiatives that use TANF or MOE funds to help subsidize families' ongoing housing costs. These recent efforts provide further evidence that an increasing number of state and local governments are recognizing the importance of

addressing families' housing needs as part of state welfare reform efforts (authors).

Available Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, 820 First Street, N.E., Suite 510, Washington, DC 20002, (202) 408-

**From:** 1080, www.cbpp.org/12-3-01hous.htm.

Order #: 8585

Authors: Sard, B., Lubel, J.

Title: Outline of How Federal Housing Programs Can Help Provide Employment and Training Opportunities

and Support Services to Current and Former Welfare Recipients.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, 2000. (Outline: 20 pages)

**Abstract:** This outline provides information on U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) resources

that can be used to provide employment and training opportunities and support services to families seeking to move from welfare to work. For ease of reference, the information is presented in outline form rather than in a

narrative paper (author).

Available Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, 820 1st Street, NE, Suite 510, Washington, DC 20002, (202) 408-

**From:** 1080, www.cbpp.org/pubs/housing.htm.

Order #: 8406

Authors: Sard, B., Lubell, J.

Title: The Increasing Use of TANF and State Matching Funds to Provide Housing Assistance to Families

Moving from Welfare to Work.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, 2000. (Report: 69 pages)

Abstract: In the last two years, the states of Connecticut, Kentucky, Maryland, Minnesota, North Carolina and New

Jersey, and Los Angeles and San Mateo Counties in California have used federal Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) or state Maintenance of Effort (MOE) funds, alone or in combination with other funds, to establish programs to provide housing assistance to families attempting to make the transition from welfare to work. This report describes ways in which states can assist families who are moving from welfare to work. The authors conclude that states that wish to establish a housing assistance program that services both families that currently receive TANF cash assistance and families that do not receive TANF can create a housing program that combines use of federal funds for families currently receiving TANF cash aid with use

of MOE funds for other families (authors).

Available Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, 820 First Street, NE, Suite 510, Washington, DC 20002, (202) 408-

**From:** 1080, www.centeronbudget.org.

Order #: 12811

Authors: Shirk, C.

Title: Shaping Public Programs Through Medicare, Medicaid, and SCHIP Waivers: The Fundamentals.

**Source:** Washington, DC: National Health Policy Forum, 2003. (Report: 38 pages)

Abstract: This background paper examines the use of research, demonstration, and program waiver authorities to test

new approaches to the delivery of and payment for health care services in federally financed health coverage programs such as Medicare, Medicaid, and the State Children's Health Insurance Program. The paper also examines the mechanics of waivers as well as their history and political context in shaping public programs. In addition, it explores the ways the changing state-federal relationship and the ever-growing demand for state

flexibility have driven waiver policy.

Available National Health Policy Forum, 2131 K Street, NW, Suite 500, Washington DC 20037, (202) 872-1390,

**From:** nhpf@gwu.edu, www.nhpf.org/pdfs\_bp/BP%5FWaivers%5F9%2D03%2Epdf

Order #: 11937

Authors: Smith, V., Gifford, K., Ramesh, R., Wachino, V.

Title: Medicaid Spending Growth: A 50-State Update for Fiscal Year 2003.

**Source:** Washington, DC: Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured, 2003. (Report: 22 pages)

**Abstract:** The fiscal outlook for states does not yet appear to be improving. Medicaid is caught between the rapid

deterioration of state revenues on the one hand, and increased health care spending on the other. States have been taking action to cut their Medicaid spending growth. As this survey indicates, even states with Medicaid cost containment actions in their original 2003 budget have planned actions to make further reductions. Unless Medicaid spending growth suddenly and unexpectedly abates, or unless state revenue collections rebound,

Medicaid is destined to remain in a precarious position (authors).

Available Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured, 1330 G Street, NW, Washington, DC 20005, (202) 347-

**From:** 5270, www.kff.org/content/2003/20030113/

Order #: 12064

Authors: Smith, V.K.

Title: Making Medicaid Better: Options to Allow States to Continue to Participate and to Bring the Program

Up to Date in Today's Health Care Marketplace.

Source: Washington, DC: National Governors Association, 2002. (Report: 28 pages)

Abstract: Medicaid is a State-Federal health care program created by the Social Security Amendments of 1965. States

> administer the program within Federal guidelines. Over the years, Congress has added substantially to the scope of Medicaid, and as the program has expanded it has become increasingly important as a mechanism to finance health care for low-income children, families, pregnant women, the elderly and persons with disabilities. It also now finances a large share of mental health, public health and services for the aging. Over time Medicaid has become burdened with new requirements, and the costs for states have become greater than ever expected. Medicaid has grown to be larger than Medicare in terms of program costs and the number of persons served annually. The cost of Medicaid borne by states has become so large as to raise a question about the ability of states to pay their share in the future. This paper identifies options that would restructure the financing of the program so states could afford to contribute to its financing into the future. These changes would help Medicaid be more effective in providing health coverage for low-income uninsured Americans

(author).

Available National Governors Association, Center for Best Practices, Hall of States, 444 North Capitol Street, From: Washington, D.C. 20001, (202) 624-5300, www.nga.org/cda/files/MAKINGMEDICAIDBETTER.pdf

Order #: 8786

Authors: Steadman, H.J., Cocozza, J.J., Dennis, D.L., Lassiter, M.G., Randolph, F.L., Goldman, H., Blasinsky, M.

Title: Successful Program Maintenance when Federal Demonstration Dollars Stop: The ACCESS Program

for Homeless Mentally Ill Persons.

Source: Administration and Policy in Mental Health 29(6): 481-493, 2002. (Journal Article: 13 pages)

**Abstract:** A major issue that has long dogged federal demonstration programs in the human services area is the perception that when federal dollars end, the programs end regardless of any proven successes. Access to

Community Care and Effective Services and Supports (ACCESS) was a five-year federal demonstration project designed to foster partnerships between service providers for homeless people with serious mental illnesses and co-occurring substance use disorders, and to identify effective, replicable systems integration strategies. Shortly after federal funding ended, research teams returned to the ACCESS sites to determine what elements of the federal funding project remained and what strategies sites used to continue ACCESS. This paper describes ACCESS services retained by the sites, and new funding streams and strategies used to obtain continued funding. Systems integration activities retained by the integration sites are also described

(authors).

Order #: 11157

**Authors:** Straka, D., Tempel, C., Lipson, K.

Title: TANF Funding for Services in Supportive Housing for Homeless Families and Young Adults.

**Source:** New York, NY: Corporation for Supportive Housing, 2001. (Report: 25 pages)

Abstract: This report sets forth a legal and policy analysis to support a model approach to using federal and state welfare

funds to finance essential services for homeless families, families at risk of becoming homeless, homeless youth and young adults aging out of foster care, who face multiple barriers to stability and self-sufficiency. Many states have available large sums of money in the form of a federal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) block grant surplus and a potential shortfall in State Maintenance of Effort (MOE) expenditures. These funds are well-suited to fill the gap in financing for supportive housing for homeless families, those at risk of homelessness, and young adults who would otherwise become homeless. In the fifth year of welfare reform, the time is ripe to implement family and young adult supportive housing initiatives

(authors).

Available Corporation for Supportive Housing, 50 Broadway, 17th Floor, New York, NY 10004, information@csh.org,

**From:** http://intranet.csh.org/pdfs/TANFReportNov01.pdf.

Order #: 13026

Authors: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Center for Mental Health Services.

Title: How States Can Use SAMHSA Block Grants to Support Services for People Who Are Homeless.

**Source:** Rockville, MD: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Center for Mental Health

Services, 2003. (Report: 21 pages)

Abstract: This report highlights efforts of many states to use federal block grant funds for mental health and substance

abuse services administered by SAMHSA to provide more effective care for people who are homeless. There is a pronounced need for mental health and substance abuse treatment among people who are homeless. SAMHSA, in partnership with the Interagency Council on Homelessness, has prepared this technical assistance report to promote improved access to mainstream resources and services for this population. This report offers guidance to states and local communities on how block grant funds are being used to address

homelessness (authors).

Available Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Center for Mental Health Services, 5600 Fishers

From: Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, (800) 789-2647, www.mentalhealth.org, www.nrchmi.samhsa.gov

Order #: 11387

**Authors:** Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration.

Title: Snapshot: Volume 3. Overview of Grant Funding Opportunities.

**Source:** Rockville, MD: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, 2002. (Guide: 64 pages)

**Abstract:** This guide provides a preview of anticipated fiscal year 2002 funding opportunities that may be offered by the

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). While changes in these plans may occur before official grant announcement are published in the Federal Register, this preliminary information can help potential applicants better plan and prepare a successful application. The majority of grant opportunities described in this guide support "Programs of Regional and National Significance" (PRNS), a type of discretionary grant included in SAMHSA's new authorizing legislation. PRNS grants complement SAMHSA's block grants to states and enable SAMHSA to target funds to priority populations or health concerns, respond quickly to emerging needs, and implement and promote adoption of evidence-based

practices.

**Available** SAMHSA's National Mental Health Information Center, (800) 789-2647, www.mentalhealth.samhsa.gov.

From:

Order #: 7223

**Authors:** Technical Assistance Collaborative, Inc.

**Title:** Federal Housing Resource Guide

**Source:** Boston, MA: Technical Assistance Collaborative, Inc., 1997. (Resource Guide: 15 pages)

**Abstract:** This document provides a brief synopsis of the common federal housing resources that are currently available

and can be used to expand the supply of affordable housing for people with disabilities and very low incomes. The guide includes federal housing programs and federally subsidized housing programs. Reference charts are

provided detailing what activities the various programs provide.

Available Technical Assistance Collaborative, 535 Boylston Street, Suite 1301, Boston, MA 02108, (617) 226-5657,

From: www.tacinc.org.

Order #: 8301

**Authors:** Technical Assistance Collaborative, Inc.

Title: Seizing the Moment: Using HUD's Consolidated Plan to Identify Affordable Housing Opportunities for

Homeless People with Serious Mental Illnesses.

**Source:** Boston, MA: Technical Assistance Collaborative, Inc., 1999. (Guide: 100 pages)

**Abstract:** The information and approaches detailed in this guidebook are designed to help the mental health and

homeless communities participate in the Consolidated Plan process, a long-term housing plan that the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development uses to determine access to federal housing funding. The guide was written for anyone who wants to learn effective ways to influence housing decisions at the state and local levels, particularly those that impact people who are homeless or at immediate risk of homelessness and

have serious mental illness.

**Available** National Resource Center on Homelessness and Mental Illness, Policy Research Associates, Inc., 345

From: Delaware Avenue, Delmar, NY 12054, (800) 444-7415, www.nrchmi.samhsa.gov.

Order #: 8802

Authors: Technical Assistance Collaborative, Inc., Advocates for Human Potential.

Title: How To Be a "Player" in the Continuum of Care: Tools for the Mental Health Community.

**Source:** Boston, MA: Technical Assistance Collaborative, Inc., 2001. (Guide: 60 pages)

Abstract: This guidebook is designed to provide the disability community with the necessary tools to be active

participants in the Continuum of Care process in their community or state. Through participation in the Continuum of Care process, the disability community can expand and improve housing and supports for people who are homeless and have serious mental illnesses. This book covers a Continuum of Care overview; U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's resources and applications; the Continuum of Care

framework; and the planning process.

Available Technical Assistance Collaborative, Inc., 535 Boylston Street, Suite 1301, Boston, MA 02116, (617) 266-

*From:* 5657, www.tacinc.org/cms/admin/cms/\_uploads/docs/ContinuumofCareGuide.pdf.

Order #: 11337

**Authors:** Technical Assistance Collaborative.

Title: Special Funding Alert - 9,800 Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers for People with Disabilities Available.

**Source:** Opening Doors: Special Issue, May 2002. (Newsletter: 12 pages)

Abstract: This special issue of Opening Doors focuses primarily on a very important Section 8 funding opportunity - the

3,950 Section 8 vouchers for people with disabilities that Congress created for Public Housing Agencies (PHAs) designating elderly/disabled buildings as "elderly only." (For more information on the elderly only designation process, see issue 15 of Opening Doors). Unfortunately, despite the clear intent of Congress to assist people with disabilities, some PHAs eligible to receive these vouchers have neglected to apply for them. Featured in this Funding Alert are: strategies for the disability community to urge PHAs to apply all available Section 8 vouchers, including two other set-asides of Section 8 vouchers for people with disabilities; an outline of how non-profit disability organizations can apply directly to administer vouchers through one of

these set-asides; and a brief overview of other available HUD funding opportunities (authors).

Available Technical Assistance Collaborative, Inc., 535 Boylston Street, Suite 1301, Boston, MA 02116, (617) 266-

**From:** 5657, www.tacinc.org.

Order #: 11124

Authors: Technical Assistance Collaborative.

Title: Permanent Housing and HUD's Continuum of Care.

**Source:** Opening Doors: Issue 13, March 2001. (Newsletter: 16 pages)

**Abstract:** This issue of Opening Doors discusses the entire Continuum of Care strategy, from the process of developing

one to the planning of its strategy to the application for funding. The focus is on permanent housing and the Continuum of Care, and the opportunities to develop and expand permanent housing opportunities for homeless people with disabilities through the continuum. The Continuum of Care is the vehicle for obtaining federal homeless assistance funding for communities and it stresses local decision making and preferences. This Opening Doors has information for every Continuum, including: what is the Continuum of Care?; how do I get involved in my local Continuum?; what technical assistance is available?; and the recent Congressional

push for increased permanent housing opportunities (authors).

Available Technical Assistance Collaborative, Inc., 535 Boylston Street, Suite 1301, Boston, MA 02116, (617) 266-

*From:* 5657, www.tacinc.org.

Order #: 12920

**Authors:** Technical Assistance Collaborative.

**Title:** State Housing Agencies: How They Can Help People With Disabilities.

**Source:** Opening Doors (22): 1-12, 2003. (Journal:Entire Issue: 12 pages)

**Abstract:** In this issue, the authors discuss the different types of state housing agencies, including housing finance

agencies, state departments of community affairs, and state public housing agencies, and what they do. The issue also covers affordability issues, rental assistance strategies, and tips on how to influence state housing

agencies as well as housing policy (authors).

Available Technical Assistance Collaborative, 535 Boylston Street, Suite 1301, Boston, MA 02116, (617) 266-5657,

**From:** www.tacinc.org.

Order #: 12830

**Authors:** Technical Assistance Collaborative.

Title: Affordable Housing in Your Community: What You Need to Know! What You Need to Do!

**Source:** Opening Doors 8(1): 1-11, 1999. (Journal Article: 11 pages)

Abstract: This article focuses on realistic strategies for getting involved with the development of the strategic plans in

your community that control access to housing funding, specifically the ConPlan and the Public Housing Agency Plan. The authors identify tangible activities to involve the disability community in the state and local

planning processes going on in their community in an effective and beneficial manner (authors).

Order #: 12439

Authors: Technical Assistance Collaborative.

Title: Section 8 Made Simple: Using the Housing Choice Voucher Program to Assist People With Disabilities:

2nd Edition.

**Source:** Boston, MA: Technical Assistance Collaborative, 2003. (Report: 98 pages)

**Abstract:** This updated guidebook contains practical information to assist people with disabilities and the entire

disability community to navigate through the Section 8 program more successfully. This report covers the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development's Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program

in detail, including: overview of the Section 8 Program; how the Section 8 Program is administered; eligibility, applications, and waiting list process; screening, verification, and appeals; determining the total tenant payment and the Section 8 rent subsidy; getting a Section 8 voucher and obtaining housing; keeping a

Section 8 voucher; reasonable accommodation and reasonable modification; Section 8 project-based

assistance; and Section 8 homeownership assistance.

Available Technical Assistance Collaborative, Inc., 535 Boylston Street, Suite 1301, Boston, MA 02116, (617) 266-

**From:** 5657, www.tacinc.org.

Order #: 12833

**Authors:** Technical Assistance Collaborative.

Title: The Section 8 Certificate and Voucher Programs.

**Source:** Opening Doors 4(1): 1-11, 1998. (Journal Article: 12 pages)

**Abstract:** This article answers commonly asked questions about the Section 8 certificate and voucher programs,

providing basic knowledge regarding each program. What the Section 8 certificate and voucher programs are, how each works, who runs them, the application process, and the differences between a Section 8 Voucher and a Section 8 Certificate are some topics discussed by the authors. These programs in relation to people with

disabilities is also discussed (authors).

Order #: 8702

**Authors:** Tull, T. (ed.).

Title: Service-Enriched Housing: Models and Methodologies.

**Source:** Los Angeles, CA: Beyond Shelter, Inc., 1998. (Manual: 215 pages)

**Abstract:** This manual provides a guide to the provision of services in rental housing in general, with special focus on

formerly homeless populations. It includes descriptions of housing models, collaborations, management roles, resident empowerment, neighborhood resources, and funding options. The report is designed for housing

developers, management companies, property owners, and social services agencies.

Available Beyond Shelter, 520 South Virgil Avenue, Los Angeles, CA 90020, (213) 252-0772,

**From:** http://www.beyondshelter.org. (COST: \$25.00)

Order #: 6622

**Authors:** United States Department of Health and Human Services, Bureau of Primary Health Care.

Title: Funding Opportunities for Providers of Health Care Services to Homeless People.

Source: Bethesda, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Bureau of Primary Health Care, 1997.

(Resource Guide: 50 pages)

**Abstract:** This guide contains profiles of Federal and private sector funding targeted at the provision of services to

homeless people. It provides guidance in identifying resources available through city, county and state sources, and lists sources for obtaining information on additional funding options. In addition, the guide provides sections on preparing considerations prior to seeking funding and general homeless information resources.

**Available** Bureau of Primary Health Care, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, East West Towers, 4350

From: East West Highway, Bethesda, MD 20814, http://bphc.hrsa.gov.

Order #: 12047

Authors: United States Department of Health and Human Services.

Title: 2002 Temporary Assistance for Needs Families Program (TANF): Fifth Annual Report to Congress.

**Source:** Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2003. (Report: 374 pages)

Abstract: In 1996, Congress created the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program, which was enacted

under the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act (PRWORA), replacing the Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) and related welfare programs. This report highlights the status of the TANF caseloads, work participation rates, State expenditures, characteristics of TANF recipients, and

other State policies (authors).

**Available** U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 200 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20201,

**From:** www.hhs.gov.

Order #: 12822

Authors: United States Department of Housing and Urban Development

Title: Building Communities Together: Federal Programs.

**Source:** Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 1994. (Guide: 135 pages)

Abstract: This guidebook is a companion to the Empowerment Zones and Enterprise Communities Application Guide

and application forms, intended to spark imagination, providing a sample of programs and funding sources. Some of these programs are administered competitively by Federal agencies, while others are distributed by formula to States or localities, which are free to target these and other funds to areas nominated for designation as Empowerment Zones and Enterprise Communities. This guidebook also contains an appendix of information provided by participating federal agencies which covers diverse topics including locations of State

Data Centers for census maps, an outline of the IRS tax incentives for Empowerment Zones and Enterprise Communities, and a more detailed description of the SBA One Stop Capital Shops and ideas of capital

formation within zones (authors).

Available U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street, SW, Washington, DC 20410, (202) 708-

*From:* 1112, www.hud.gov.

Order #: 11844

**Authors:** United States Department of Housing and Urban Development Community Development and Planning.

Title: Guidance on Combining Program Funds of the McKinney Act Programs and the HOPWA Program

with the HOME Program.

Source: Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Community Development and

Planning, 2001. (Guide: 24 pages)

**Abstract:** The purpose of this notice is to guide Participating Jurisdictions (PJs) and private nonprofit organizations in

using HOME funds together with HUD Continuum of Care homeless assistance funds under the Stewart B. McKinney Act programs. This office also administers the Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Program which is designed to provide housing and services to persons with HIV/AIDS, and can be used to prevent homelessness among persons with HIV/AIDS, and may assist persons who are homeless. This notice illustrates the uses of and compatibility between HOME and the homeless and HIV/AIDS assistance programs and highlights opportunities that can maximize the effect of combining program funds. The notice is designed to expand the reader's familiarity with the McKinney Act programs, the HOPWA program, and the

HOME Program (authors).

Available U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street S.W., Washington, DC 20410, (202)

*From:* 708-1112, www.hud.gov/offices/cpd/affordablehousing/lawsandregs/notices/cpd0101.pdf

Order #: 6935

Authors: United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and

Development.

Title: Understanding the Supportive Housing Program.

**Source:** Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 1997. (Guide: 15 pages)

Abstract: This guide to HUD's Supportive Housing Program highlights key aspects of the program by providing an

overview of the program itself and discussing funding limitations, the application process, and implementing

the proposed project.

Available Community Connections, P.O. Box 7189, Gaithersburg, MD 20898-7189, (800) 998-9999,

**From:** http://www.comcon.org.

Order #: 6933

Authors: United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Community Planning and

Development.

Title: Understanding the Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation Single Room Occupancy Program.

Source: Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 1997. (Guide: 13 pages)

Abstract: This guide to HUD's Section 8 Moderate SRO Program highlights key aspects by providing an overview of

the program itself and covering topics such as: eligible participants, other eligibility requirements, resident occupancy requirements, calculating the rental assistance award amount, determining the SRO rental payment,

the application process, and SRO project development.

Available Community Connections, P.O. Box 7189 Gaithersburg, MD 20898-7189, (800) 998-9999, www.comcon.org.

From:

Order #: 6936

**Authors:** United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Title: Understanding the Shelter Plus Care Program.

Source: Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 1997. (Guide: 19 pages)

Abstract: This guide to HUD's Shelter Plus Care Program highlights key aspects of the program by providing an

overview of the program itself and by covering related topics such as: eligible participants, supportive services match, eligible structures, relocation and property acquisition, resident occupancy policies, calculating the grant amount, determining the Shelter Plus Care subsidy, and a comparison of the SRO component of

Shelter Plus Care and the original Section 8 SRO program.

Available U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street SW, Washington, DC 20410, (202) 708-

*From:* 1112, www.hud.gov.

Order #: 12430

**Authors:** United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

**Title:** Financial Management and HUD Compliance

Source: Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2003. (Curriculum: 80 pages)

**Abstract:** This curriculum is part of the Supportive Housing Training Series, put out by the U.S. Department of Housing

and Urban Development (HUD). This training provides an overview of the key principles of financial management for non-profit organizations, with detailed information on budgeting and compliance issues for supportive housing projects. At the end of this training, participants will have an understanding of key financial concepts, be able to understand and develop supportive housing budgets and understand the

requirements associated with HUD funding programs (authors).

Available U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street, SW, Washington, DC 20410, (202) 708-

*From:* 1112, www.hud.gov.

Order #: 12431

**Authors:** United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Title: The Supportive Housing Training Series.

**Source:** Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2003. (Curriculum: 445 pages)

**Abstract:** The Supportive Housing Training Series currently includes eleven curricula providing best practices and

guidance on supportive housing development, operation and services. Each curriculum provides a one-day training for enriching the skills of supportive housing developers and providers. This training series is for anyone who wants to improve his or her skills in supportive housing development, operation and services. These trainings address a wide array of issues, from housing financing and property management to program development and tenant/staff relationships. The series includes trainings that will introduce new staff to the issues they will encounter in supportive housing, as well as trainings aimed at a more experienced audience. This series is designed to be easily accessible to trainers with some experience in the subject material. Each of the units in this series includes a Trainer's Curriculum with guidance for delivering the workshop, and a set of

Participant Materials with activities, discussion questions and additional resources (authors).

Available U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street, SW, Washington, DC 20410, (202) 708-

*From:* 1112, www.hud.gov.

Order#: 8574

**Authors:** United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Title: Connecting with Communities: A User's Guide to HUD Programs and the 2002 SuperNOFA Process.

Source: Rockville, MD: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2002. (Guide: 81 pages)

Abstract: This guidebook provides a brief description of all HUD programs, a description of the SuperNOFA programs,

eligible applicants for these programs, and examples of how programs can work in combination to serve local

community needs (authors).

Available HUD SuperNOFA Information Center, P.O. Box 6091, Rockville, MD 20849, (800) HUD-8929 or (800)

**From:** HUD-2209, www.oup.org/techassist/guidebook.pdf or www.hud.gov.

Order #: 12708

**Authors:** United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

**Title:** Continuums of Care for States.

Source: Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2003. (Brochure

Conferen: 22 pages)

Abstract: The goal of a state CoC is to develop strategies to coordinate homeless assistance programs in areas not

covered by other Continuums. States and participating localities must come up with efficient organizational structures that allow participatory involvement in all aspects of the CoC process, from forming local planning groups, to soliciting applications to setting priorities. In addition, the local/state partnerships need to find ways to assemble data on the housing and service needs of homeless people in what are often non-contiguous parts of the state. Finally, for states that are using this process to address the fact that the needs and resources of rural areas may be different from those of metropolitan areas or even of more populous non-metropolitan areas. This brochure provides an introduction to the particular challenges facing states implementing a Continuum of Care (CoC) approach and offers examples of how some states have successfully addressed these

challenges (authors).

**Available** U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Community Planning and Development,

**From:** www.hud.gov/offices/cpd/homeless/ library/coc/cocstates.pdf.

Order #: 12716

Authors: United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Title: Homeless Prevention in the Emergency Shelter Grants Program.

**Source:** Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2001. (Report: 19 pages)

**Abstract:** This report provides information about homeless prevention efforts within the Emergency Shelter Grants

(ESG) program, and highlights some specific homeless prevention strategies employed by ESG grantees and the agencies that operate ESG projects. The report begins with a brief overview of the Emergency Shelter Grants program and a summary of the regulations and limitations pertaining to ESG homeless prevention. Short term financial assistance, tenant-landlord mediation services, and legal services are discussed also. The authors also describe outreach and eligibility screening strategies for ESG-funded homeless prevention projects, and present some ways in which grantees and recipients can track or follow-up with beneficiaries of homeless prevention assistance provided under ESG. Specific project examples that represent successful

implementation strategies for homeless prevention assistance are included (authors).

Available U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street, SW, Washington, DC 20410, (202) 708-

*From:* 1112, www.hud.gov.

Order #: 12731

**Authors:** United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Title: Connecting with Communities: A User's Guide to HUD Programs and the 2000 SuperNOFA Process.

Source: Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2000. (Resource Guide: 75 pages)

Abstract: This guide to HUD Programs and the 2000 SuperNOFA is designed to help the reader understand HUD's grant

processes and provide a menu of funding options available. The goal of this guide is to help the reader create truly comprehensive, coordinated, and effective strategies to address community needs. Part I explains what the SuperNOFA is and the concept behind using it. This part also includes tables listing the SuperNOFA grant programs and Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Programs targeted to assist elderly and disabled persons. The programs are identified by category and by applicant type. It also details the differences in funding notification, application, and selection process that result from the use of the SuperNOFA. Part II provides information on HUD's major formula-based programs and other initiatives, which account for a large majority of the funding that HUD provides each year. This information presents the larger context within which HUD's competitive grant programs operate. Part III discusses the different types of program coordination that HUD is trying to encourage through the use of the SuperNOFA. It provides examples to stimulate the reader's thinking regarding ways to improve program coordination. It also discusses the Consolidated Plan and Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice - two tools that assist communities in planning how to allocate resources by HUD. Part IV provides information on the grant programs being announced in the SuperNOFA, and Part V provides a brief description of other departmental programs or initiatives (authors).

Available U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street, SW, Washington, DC 20410, (202) 708-

*From:* 1112, www.hud.gov.

Order #: 10841

**Authors:** United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

**Title:** Guide to Continuum of Care Planning and Implementation.

**Source:** Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 1999. (Guide: 50 pages)

Abstract: This publication provides an overview of HUD's Continuum of Care. The Continuum of Care is a community

plan to organize and deliver housing and services to meet the specific needs of people who are homeless as they move to stable housing and maximum self-sufficiency. It includes action steps to end homelessness and

prevent a return to homelessness (authors).

Available U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street S.W., Washington, DC 20410, (202)

*From:* 708-1112, www.hud.gov.

Order #: 10881

Authors: United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Title: Housing Homeless Individuals Through HUD's Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation Single Room

Occupancy (SRO) Program.

**Source:** Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2001. (Brochure: 34 pages)

Abstract: This brochure was created to share information on the basic elements of the Section 8 SRO program (and how

it differs from other rental and homeless assistance programs), present the challenges involved in developing and operating Section 8 SRO projects, and offers strategies to address these challenges. The brochure is designed to be useful for both current and prospective recipients of Section 8 SRO funding, and particularly for organizations that contemplate adding an SRO project to their local continuum of care (authors).

Available U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street S.W., Washington, DC 20410, (202)

*From:* 708-1112, www.hud.gov.

Order #: 12848

**Authors:** United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Title: Emergency Shelter Grants Deskguide.

**Source:** Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2001. (Guide: 112 pages)

**Abstract:** This guide provides an overview of the Emergency Shelter Grants (ESG) program, describes the funding

process, and covers topics including the initial application, grant administration, project implementation, and performance monitoring. Where possible, the guide includes concrete examples of promising administrative practices from ESG programs around the country. This guide is not a substitute for the ESG regulations, but provides a practical resource that addresses many of the common questions and issues that arise in the

implementation of a local ESG project (authors).

Available U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street, SW, Washington, DC 20410, (202) 708-

*From:* 1112, www.hud.gov/offices/cpd/homeless/library/esg/esgdeskguide/index.cfm

Order #: 8649

**Authors:** United States General Accounting Office.

Title: Homelessness: HUD Funds Eligible Projects According to Communities' Priorities.

**Source:** Washington, DC: U.S. General Accounting Office, 2000. (Report: 34 pages)

Abstract: This report examines the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) decisions on the

homeless assistance projects selected for funding. Topics specifically addressed include:

1) what process HUD uses to select projects for funding, whether this process is consistent with relevant

statutes, and how HUD treats new projects and projects that have been funded in the past;

2) the extent to which HUD funds projects that communities rank as high priority under their Continuums of Care, and why some high-priority projects are not funded while some low-priority project are funded; and 3) whether communities face any common problems when applying for funds from HUD, and what actions are

needed to correct these problems.

Available U.S. General Accounting Office, 441 G Street, NW, Washington, DC 20548, (202) 512-4800, www.gao.gov.

**From:** (GAO/RCED-00-191).

Order #: 8263

**Authors:** Unites States General Accounting Office.

Title: Homelessness: Grant Applicants' Characteristics and Views on the Supportive Housing Program.

**Source:** Washington, DC: U.S. General Accounting Office, 1999. (Report: 42 pages)

Abstract: This report examines several facets of organizations receiving funding through the Department of Housing and

Urban Development's Supportive Housing Program. Specifically it examines: the characteristics of Supportive Housing Program applicants; the types of programs and services for homeless people that this program supports; the importance of the Supportive Housing Program to applicants' programs for the homeless; and the various funding sources, in addition to the Supportive Housing Program grants, that applicants rely on for their programs and services. The report finds that about 90% of the applicants in 1997 are nonprofit organizations. Almost 70% of the applicants have been in existence for between 10 and 50 years; however, most have offered services to the homeless only during the last 20 years. About 64% of the applicants serve fewer than 500 homeless people each year. The majority of programs provide transitional housing with supportive services or supportive services only. The report estimates that Supportive Housing grants represent about 45% of the resources that applicants receive from all sources to support their programs.

**Available** U.S. General Accounting Office, 441 G Street, NW, Washington, DC 20548, (202) 512-4800, www.gao.gov. *From:* 

Order #: 8269

**Authors:** Wieman, D.A., Dorwat, R.A.

Title: A Comparison of Public and Privatized Approaches to Managed Behavioral Health Care for Persons

with Serious Mental Illness.

**Source:** Mental Health Services Research 1(3): 159-170, 1999. (Journal Article: 12 pages)

Abstract: This article compares public and privatized approaches to managed behavioral health care for persons with

serious mental illness in Massachusetts. Data from the state Department of Mental Health (DMH) for 247 patients receiving care managed by DMH and 312 in a Medicaid carve-out were compared. Repeated measures multivariate analysis of variance models were used to examine adjusted changes in number of admissions, bed days, and facilities used from a baseline year before program implementation in 1992 through two follow-up years. Results were comparable for the two programs with similar reductions in the number of people receiving inpatient care but increases in admissions and bed days. Possible problems with continuity of care, indicated by individuals using multiple facilities, were identified for both. The authors conclude that the choice between the two approaches is likely to be dictated by various pragmatic and subjective factors rather

than their demonstrated effectiveness (authors).

Order #: 12554

Authors: Wilkins, C., Greiff, D., Proscio, T.

Title: Laying a New Foundation: Changing the Systems that Create and Sustain Supportive Housing.

**Source:** New York, NY: Corporation for Supportive Housing, 2003. (Report: 77 pages)

Abstract: This report draws on Corporation for Supportive Housing's decade of experience in advocacy and policy work

to describe what successful public systems for creating supportive housing might look like and how to build them. Its lessons include a discussion of ten building blocks that have helped change systems (authors).

Available Corporation for Supportive Housing, 50 Broadway, 17th Floor, New York, NY 10004, (212) 986-2966,

**From:** http://documents.csh.org/documents/pubs/LayingANewFoundation.pdf

Order #: 8407

Authors: Wood, M., Locke, G.P., Shulevitz, B.H., Porcare, D.M., Nolden, S., Amendolia, J.

Title: From Welfare to Work: Using HUD's Programs to Help Families in Transition.

**Source:** Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Policy Development and

Research 1999. (Report: 122 pages)

Abstract: The Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 has brought sweeping changes

in welfare programs and policies. The Act replaces a 65-year entitlement to assistance for eligible families with Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) block grant to the states. While the block grant allows considerable discretion at the state level, it is clearly intended to help move welfare clients into work and off assistance (with some exceptions), it also requires adult recipients to find work within two years of receiving assistance. To reinforce the work participation rule, states must meet specific levels of active client employment or face fiscal penalties. This report is organized in two parts. The first highlights some common

themes that recur through multiple programs. The second part presents detailed profiles of individual

programs (authors).

**Available** HUD USER, PO Box 23268, Washington, DC 20026, (800) 245-2691, www.huduser.org.

From: